### ASDSO 2017

# Enhanced Real-Time Rainfall and Flood Forecasting

### Understanding the Storm and Implications for Dam Safety

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### **Presentation Outline**

- Storm Background and Analysis
- Hydrologic Model
  - HEC-HMS (Lumped Unit Hydrograph)
  - 2D (Fully Distributed)
- Rainfall and Flood Forecasting
  - Rainfall QPF vs Actual
  - Flood Prediction QPF vs Actual
- Enhanced Approach to Real-Time Rainfall and Flood Forecasting

Acknowledge additional contributions JBA Consulting (JBA)



## **Storm Background and Analysis**

- Heavy rainfall associated with Hurricane Joaquin
- October 1-5, 2015
- Concentrated over Piedmont and coast of South Carolina
- High moisture/stalled front over same area for several days
- Widespread region with more than 20 inches
- Several areas less than 1/1,000-yr AEP





### Storm Background and Analysis AWA SPAS Analysis of Rainfall





#### Storm Background and Analysis AWA SPAS Analysis of Rainfall



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#### Storm Background and Analysis AWA Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP)



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#### Storm Background and Analysis NOAA Quantitative Precipitation Forecasts (QPF)



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# Storm Background and Analysis NOAA QPF – 1 Day (10/3 – 10/4)



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## **Hydrologic Model**

- Hydrologic analysis
  conducted for selected
  watershed to compare
  watershed's response to
  predicted (QPF) and SPAS estimated actual
- Gills Creek (75 sq mi) selected as the subject watershed due to severity of flooding and dam failure events
- 23 regulated and several unregulated dams



## **Hydrologic Model**







## **Hydrologic Model**

- Two hydrologic scenarios were developed:
  - Post-event 1-hour gridded data developed by AWA
  - NOAA 3-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast (QPF) (6-hour QPFs for 72 hours)





Cary's Lake Dam (D 0026/HDR 03)









Rock Ford Lake Dam (D 0028/HDR 08)









Upper (North) Rock Ford Lake Dam (D 0029/HDR 09)







### Hydrologic Model Fully Distributed 2D

- JFlow modeling software (JBA Consulting) was adapted for use as a fully-distributed 2D hydrologic model to evaluate the Gills Creek Watershed response during the October 2015 event.
- A fully-distributed 2D hydrologic modeling approach has advantages over conventional lumped and semi-distributed hydrologic models (e.g. HEC-HMS), particularly for transforming real-time rainfall to flood flow/ stage forecasting.
  - The fully distributed approach is physically-based, making it flexible in modeling hydrologic responses to rainfall events of various magnitudes, intensities, spatial distributions, and temporal distributions.



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### Hydrologic Model Fully Distributed 2D





#### Rainfall and Flood Forecasting QPF vs Actual





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### **Real-Time Rainfall & Flood Forecasting Challenges**

- Using QPF forecasts alone may lead to misleading information, particularly for small and medium size watersheds (not covered by the 6-hour duration)
- Limitations in QPF resolution and accuracy, especially more than 3-days in advance, for shorter durations, and extreme events.
- Conventional hydrologic models use "lumped" processes for transforming rainfall to runoff. Limited use for flood forecasting – only reliable for similar size, intensity, and distribution of calibration storms and at specific calibration points in the watersheds.





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 NOAA/NWS River Forecasts are provided at scattered locations and typically for larger watersheds.





- Flood Forecasting system under development:
  - Optimize forecasted rainfall, using real-time gage and NEXRAD data, through SPAS
    - Use of PQPF, ingested through SPAS, to run "what-if" scenarios as storm approaches
  - SPAS can produce gridded (1 sq. km.) rainfall forecasts every 5 minutes based on QPF forecasts

Preliminary 1-hour Precipitation in Inches Storm Precipitation Analysis System Real-Time (SPASRT) – Version 3.6.10 Dynamic ZR Gauge-adjusted Rader Precipitation [s=0.0103,b=0.1139] Total 1-hour Precipitation Ending at 09/07/2010 18:00 UTC – Created Tue Sep. 7 18:16:23 UTC 2010



- Diverse and flexible for transforming rainfall to runoff in near real-time, using higher resolution rainfall forecasts, for a:
  - Variety of sizes, intensities, and distributions of rainfall, and
  - Various flooding points of interest throughout the watershed
- Particularly useful for small and medium sized watersheds
- Enhance ability of emergency management and dam operator officials to make more informed and reliable flooding response and dam safety decisions.





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### **Open Discussion and Questions**

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